

SAFETY DATA SHEET HUSKY 815 HCD DISINFECTANT

2021-10-11:

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name HUSKY 815 HCD DISINFECTANT

Authorization number F815-001 EPA Reg. No. 10324-214-8155

Recommended Use

Uses advised against Restrictions on use: Do not use in any fashion not

specified on the product label.

Manufacturer/Supplier

Canberra Corporation 3610 N. Holland-Sylvania Rd. Toledo Ohio 43615 United States

Telephone: +1 (419) 841-6616 Website: http://canberracorp.com/

e-Mail (competent person) regulatorycompliance@canberracorp.com

Emergency telephone number 800-424-9300 **National poison center** 800-222-1222

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity (oral).	H302.
Acute toxicity (inhal.).	H331.
Skin corrosion/irritation.	H314.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation.	H318.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation).	H335.
Flammable liquid.	H226.
Organic peroxide.	H242.

Label elements

Signal word Danger

Pictograms









Hazard statements

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Heating may cause a fire.

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Toxic if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

Keep only in original container.

Do not breathe dusts or mists.

Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a poison center/doctor.

In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store at temperatures not exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Keep cool.

Hazardous ingredients for labelling

Peracetic Acid, Hydrogen Peroxide, Acetic Acid, Sulfuric Acid

Other hazards

Heating may cause a fire.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects (GHS category 2: aquatic toxicity - acute and/or chronic).

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%
Hydrogen Peroxide	CAS No 7722-84-1	25 – < 50
Acetic Acid	CAS No 64-19-7	10 – < 25
Peracetic Acid	CAS No 79-21-0	10 - < 25
Sulfuric Acid	CAS No 7664-93-9	1-<5

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Explosive when mixed with combustible material. Oxidizing property.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Never add water to this product. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

- Handling of incompatible substances or mixtures

Do not mix with alkali.

- Keep away from

Organic absorbing material, Pulp/paper, Caustic solutions

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight. Keep reduction valves/valves and fittings free from oil and grease.

- Incompatible substances or mixtures

Keep/store away from clothing/combustible materials. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.

- Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapors or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Do not keep the container sealed.

Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	Liquid
Color	Dye free
Odor	Strong vinegar
pH (value)	<1 (acid)
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not relevant (fluid)
Density	Not determined
Relative density	1.135 – 1.146 (air = 1)
	oxidizer

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition. Oxidizing property.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Incompatible materials

Oxidizers, Combustible materials

Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Toxic if inhaled.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Oral 1,667 $^{\rm mg}$ / $_{\rm kg}$ Inhalation: vapor 4.336 $^{\rm mg}$ / $_{\rm l}$ /4h

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Hydrogen Peroxide	7722-84-1	oral	500 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Hydrogen Peroxide	7722-84-1	inhalation: vapor	11 ^{mg} / _l /4h
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0	inhalation: vapor	0.5 ^{mg} / _l /4h
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0	inhalation: dust/mist	0.204 ^{mg} / _l /4h
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	inhalation: vapor	3 ^{mg} / _l /4h
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	inhalation: dust/mist	0.85 ^{mg} / _l /4h

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans

Name of substance	CAS No	Classification	Number
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	1	
Hydrogen Peroxide	7722-84-1	3	

Legend

Carcinogenic to humans

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans

National Toxicology Program (United States): Report on Carcinogens

Name of substance	CAS No	Classification	Number
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	Known to be a human carcinogen	9th Report on Carcinogens

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Acetic Acid	64-19-7	LC50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Acetic Acid	64-19-7	EC50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Acetic Acid	64-19-7	ErC50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0	LC50	0.53 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0	EC50	0.73 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0	ErC50	0.16 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	ErC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0	EC50	38.6 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h

Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ION 14. IRANSPORT INFORMATION	
UN number	
DOT	UN 3109
IMDG-Code	UN 3109
ICAO-TI	UN 3109
UN proper shipping name	
DOT	Organic peroxide type F, liquid
IMDG-Code	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID
ICAO-TI	Organic peroxide type F, liquid
Transport hazard class(es)	
DOT	5.2
IMDG-Code	5.2
ICAO-TI	5.2
Packing group	not assigned
Environmental hazards	hazardous to the aquatic environment
Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic environment)	Peracetic Acid
Environmental hazards	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Environmental hazards	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulations (United States)

FIFRA Labeling

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals.

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

all ingredients are listed

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities

Name of substance	CAS No	Notes	Reportable quant- ity (pounds)	Threshold plan- ning quantity (pounds)
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9		1,000	1000
Hydrogen Peroxide	7722-84-1	f	1,000	1000
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0		500	500

Legend

Chemical on the original list that does not meet toxicity criteria but because of its acute lethality, high production volume and known risk is considered chemical of concern ("Other chemicals"). (November 17, 1986, and February 15, 1990.)

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

Toxics Release Inventory: Specific Toxic Chemical Listings

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Effective date
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	acid aerosols including mists, va- pors, gas, fog, and other airborne forms of any particle size	1987-01-01
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0		1987-01-01

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9		1	1000 (454)
Acetic Acid	64-19-7		1	5000 (2270)

Legend

Clean Air Act

Name of substance	CAS No	Type of registra- tion	Basis for listing	Threshold quantity (lbs)
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0	Toxic substance	b	10000

Legend

b On EHS list, vapor pressure 10 mmHg or greater.

[&]quot;1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

- Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9		IARC Carcinogens - 1 NTP 13th RoC - known OEHHA RELs Prop 65

- Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

Name of substance	CAS No	DEP CODE	PBT / HHS / LHS	PBT / HHS Threshold	De Minimis Concen- tration Threshold
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9				1.0 %
Acetic Acid	64-19-7				1.0 %
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0				1.0 %

- Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	A, N, O	
Hydrogen Peroxide	7722-84-1	A	
Hydrogen Peroxide	7722-84-1	0	
Acetic Acid	64-19-7	A, O	

Legend

- Ā
- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH

 National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), "Recommendations for Occupational Safety and Health Standards,"
 August 1988, available from NIOSH, Publications Dissemination Office, Division of Standards Development and Technology Trans-Ν
- 0 Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational Safety and Health Division

- Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9		CA CO R2
Hydrogen Peroxide	7722-84-1		CO MU R3
Acetic Acid	64-19-7		CO F2
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0		CO F2 R4

<u>Leg</u>end

Carcinogenic

CA CO F2 MU Corrosive

Flammable - Second Degree

Mutagenic

Reactive - Second Degree Reactive - Third Degree Reactive - Fourth Degree R2 R3

- Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Classification
SULFURIC ACID	7664-93-9	E
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE (H2O2)	7722-84-1	
ACETIC ACID, WATER SOLUTIONS		Е
ETHANEPEROXOIC ACID	79-21-0	E

Legend

E Environmental hazard

- Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	Т, F
Acetic Acid	64-19-7	T, F
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0	F

Legend

F Flammability (NFPA®)
T Toxicity (ACGIH®)

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

none of the ingredients are listed

NPCA-HMIS® III

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	3	major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temper- atures before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	1	material that is normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperat- ures and pressures. Material may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temper- atures before ignition can occur
Health	3	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury
Instability	1	material that in themselves is normally stable but that can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures
Special hazard		

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

Legend

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H242	Heating may cause a fire.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product. Disclaimer: No representation or warranty, either expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, or of any other nature, is made with respect to information concerning the product referred to in this document. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, it is impossible to foresee every health effect or exposure risk incurred by the use of this product. All chemicals present some degree of hazard and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations contained herein are presented in good faith. The user should review this information in conjunction with their knowledge of the application intended to determine the suitability of this product for such purpose. In no event will the supplier be responsible for any damages of any nature whatsoever, resulting from the use, reliance upon, or the misuse of this information. Furthermore, it is the direct responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable regulations governing the use and disposal of this material.